



BLUE VALLEY SCHOOL

Mathematics Department 1st bimester, FS 2011
Mr. Neeman Total points possible: 20
Quiz #4, 10A Solutions
Topic: Logic Estimated time: 40 minutes

Instructions: Answer all the questions, working carefully and showing your work neatly. Make sure the final answer is easily identifiable.

#1. For each of the following, circle the type of proposition it is, or “NP” if it’s not a proposition. (1 pt each)

(a) The moon is made out of cheese.

Contingent

(b) Don’t go anywhere.

NP

(c) Either Kansas is a state or it isn’t.

Tautology

(d) Either Bill Clinton plays the saxophone or he plays clarinet.

Contingent

#2. Translate each of the following between English and logical notation, using the key given. (1 pt each)

p: Paul is a Gaul.

q: Quinn likes to drink gin.

r: Ringo owns a dingo.

(a) Either Ringo doesn’t own a dingo or Quinn likes to drink gin.

$\neg r \vee q$

(b) If Paul is a Gaul, then Ringo owns a dingo.

$p \Rightarrow r$

(c) $\neg r \wedge q$

Either Ringo doesn’t own a dingo, or Quinn likes to drink gin.

(d) $p \Leftrightarrow \neg p$

Paul is a gaul if and only if Paul isn’t a gaul.

#2. Draw a truth table for $p \vee (q \wedge \neg p)$ and use it to determine whether it's a tautology, a contradiction, or contingent. (4 pts)

| p | q | $\neg p$ | $q \wedge \neg p$ | $p \vee (q \wedge \neg p)$ |
|-----|-----|----------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| T | T | F | T | F |
| T | F | F | F | T |
| F | T | T | T | T |
| F | F | T | T | F |

So it is contingent.

#3. (a) Write down the converse of “If the moon isn’t made out of cheese, then Julius Caesar was a Roman”. (1 pt)

If Julius Caesar was a Roman, then the moon isn’t made out of cheese.

(b) Write down the contrapositive of $(\neg p \vee q) \Rightarrow p$. (1 pt)

$\neg p \Rightarrow \neg(\neg p \vee q)$

#4. Use a truth table (or more than one) to determine whether the propositions $\neg(p \wedge \neg q)$ and $\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$ are logically equivalent to each other or not. (6 pts)

| p | q | $\neg q$ | $p \wedge \neg q$ | $\neg(p \wedge \neg q)$ | $\neg q$ | $\neg p$ | $\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$ |
|-----|-----|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------------|
| T | T | F | F | T | F | F | T |
| T | F | T | T | F | T | F | F |
| F | T | F | F | T | F | T | T |
| F | F | T | F | T | T | T | T |

They are logically equivalent, since they have the same truth values as each other on every row